share of the cane sugar allotment may use only cane sugar to fill such allocation.

§ 1435.306 State cane sugar allotments.

- (a) Hawaii and Puerto Rico will be allotted a total of 325,000 short tons, raw value, of the cane sugar allotment.
- (b) A new entrant cane State will receive an allotment to accommodate a new processor's allocation under 1435.308(f).
- (c) Subject to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, the remaining cane States will be allotted, in aggregate, the remaining cane sugar allotment.
- (d) The individual cane State allotments, other than a new entrant cane State, will be based on:
 - (1) Past marketings of cane sugar,
- (2) Past processing of cane sugar, and
- (3) The ability to market the sugar covered under the allotment assigned to the State.
- (e) Past marketings and past processings will each be weighted by 0.25 and the ability to market will be weighted by 0.50 in determining the States' respective cane sugar allotments. The weights may be adjusted, as CCC deems appropriate, for the crop year.
- (f) Except when deficits are reassigned as provided in §1435.309, a processor may fill an allocation of a cane sugar allotment only with sugar processed from sugarcane grown in the State for which the allotment was established.

§ 1435.307 Allocation of marketing allotments to processors.

- (a) Each sugar beet processor's allocation of the beet allotment will be calculated as the beet processor's share times the beet sector allotment:
- (1) A beet processor's share is calculated as the beet processor's adjusted weighted average sugar production divided by the sum of all beet processors' adjusted weighted average sugar production.
- (2) A beet processor's weighted average sugar production equals 0.25 times its 1998-crop sugar production plus 0.35 times its 1999-crop sugar production plus 0.40 times its 2000-crop sugar production, with the 2000 sugar PIK pay-

- ments added to its 2000-crop sugar production.
- (3) A beet processor's weighted average sugar production shall be adjusted by the following, as CCC determines:
- (i) Increased 1.25 percent of the sum of all beet processors' weighted average sugar production for opening a sugar beet processing factory during the 1996 through 2000 crop years;
- (ii) Decreased 1.25 percent of the sum of beet processors' weighted average sugar production for closing a sugar beet processing factory during the 1998 through 2000 crop years:
- (iii) Increased 0.25 percent of the sum of all beet processors' weighted average sugar production for opening a molasses desugarization facility during the 1998 through 2000 crop years; and
- (iv) Increased 1.25 percent of the sum of all beet processors' weighted average sugar production for suffering a substantial quality loss on stored beets, as CCC determines, during the 1998 through 2000 crop years.
- (b) Each sugarcane processors' allocation from a State cane sugar allotment will be calculated as the cane processor's share times the State cane sector allotment.
- (1) Each cane processor's share, other than a new entrant, will be calculated as the processor's production base divided by the sum of the State's processor production bases.
- (2) A processor's production base, other than a new entrants, is the sum of 0.50 times its ability to market plus 0.25 times its past processings plus 0.25 times its past marketings. These weights may be adjusted as CCC deems appropriate for the crop year.
- (3) CCC will calculate an allocation for the Talisman processing facility, based on paragraph (b)(2) of this section and distribute the allocation among Florida processors according to the agreements between cane processors and the Secretary of the Interior dated March 25, and March 26, 1999.
- (c) An informal hearing will be held in August of each year, if requested by affected sugarcane processors and growers by July 15th, to afford all interested persons the opportunity to comment on the next crop year's marketing allotments and allocations.